A global perspective on the health impacts of coal and coal ash: Facts and fallacies

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Factors affecting the environmental and health impacts of coal

- Composition of the coal
 - Organic, inorganic, mineralogy, element modes of occurrence
- Ash yield
- Mining practices
- Transportation and storage practices
- Boiler type and combustion conditions
- Pollution control technology
- Climate
- Geology
- Ash utilization and disposal technology

Table 2. Arithmetic means and standard deviations (S.D.) for 78 elements in U.S. coal. (All values are on a w hole-coal basis. Data are from the U.S. Geological Survey's National Coal Resources Data System (NCRDS) except for estimated values (in parenthes

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Arithmetic							
Component	Maan	Standard			No. of Comples		
Component Ash %	Mean 13.1	Deviation	Value	7076	No. of Samples		
		8.3	50.0	7976			
Aluminum (Al) %	1.5	1.1	10.6	7882			
Antimony (Sb) ppm	1.2	1.6	35	7473			
Arsenic (As) ppm	24	60	2200	7676			
Barium (Ba) ppm	170	350	22000	7836			
Beryllium (Be) ppm	2.2	4.1	330	7484			
Bismuth (Bi) ppm	(<1.0)	n.d.	14	128			
Boron (B) ppm	49	54	1700	7874			
Bromine (Br) ppm	17	19	160	4999			
Cadmium (Cd) ppm	.47	4.6	170	6150			
Calcium (Ca) %	.46	1.0	72	7887			
Carbon (C) %	63	15	90	7154			
Cerium (Ce) ppm	21	28	700	5525			
Cesium (Cs) ppm	1.1	1.1	15	4972			
Chlorine (CI) ppm	614	670	8800	4171			
Chromium (Cr) ppm	15	15	250	7847			
Cobalt (Co) ppm	6.1	10	500	7800			
Copper (Cu) ppm	16	15	280	7911			
Dysprosium (Dy) ppm	1.9	2.7	28	1510			
Erbium (Er) ppm	1.0	1.1	11	1792			
Europium (Eu) ppm	.40	.33	4.8	5268			
Fluorine (F) ppm	98	160	4000	7376			
Gadolinium (Gd) ppm	(1.8)	n.d.	39	2376			
Gallium (Ga) ppm	5.7	4.2	45	7565			
Germanium (Ge) ppm	5.7	14	780	5689			
Gold (Au) ppm	(<0.05)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.			
Hafnium (Hf) ppm	.73	.68	18	5120			
Holmium (Ho) ppm	(0.35)	n.d.	4.5	1130			
Hydrogen (H) %	5.2	0.9	9.5	7155			
Indium (In) ppm	(<0.3)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.			
lodine (I) ppm	(<1.0)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.			
Iridium (Ir) ppm	(<0.001)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.			
Iron (Fe) %	1.3	1.5	24	7882			
Lanthanum (La) ppm	12	16	300	6235			
Lead (Pb) ppm	11	37	1900	7469			
Lithium (Li) ppm	16	20	370	7848			
Lutetium (Lu) ppm	.14	.10	1.8	5008			
Magnesium (Mg) %	.11	.12	1.5	7887			
Manganese (Mn) ppm	43	84	2500	7796			
Mercury (Hg) ppm	.17	.24	10	7649			

Palladium (pd) ppm	(<0.001)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
Niobium (Nb) ppm	2.9	3.1	70	6843	
Nitrogen (N) %	1.3	0.4	13	7153	
Osmium (Os) ppm	(<0.001)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
Oxygen (O) %	16	12	60	7151	
Phosphorus (P) ppm	430	1500	58000	5079	
Platinum (Pt) ppm	(<0.001)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
Potassium (K) %	.18	0.21	2.0	7830	
Praseodymium (Pr) ppm	(2.4)	n.d.	65	1533	
Rhenium (Re) ppm	(<0.001)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
Rhodium (Rh) ppm	(<0.001)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
Rubidium (Rb) ppm	21	20	140	2648	
Ruthenium (Ru) ppm	(<0.001)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
Samarium (Sm) ppm	1.7	1.4	18	5151	
Scandium (Sc) ppm	4.2	4.4	100	7803	
Selenium (Se) ppm	2.8	3	150	7563	
Silicon (Si) %	2.7	2.4	20	7846	
Silver (Ag) ppm	(<0.1)	0.35	19	5038	
Sodium (Na) %	.08	0.12	1.4	7784	
Strontium (Sr) ppm	130	150	2800	7842	
Sulfur (S) %	1.8	1.8	25	7214	
Tantalum (Ta) ppm	.22	0.19	1.7	4622	
Tellurium (Te) ppm	(<0.1)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
Terbium (Tb) ppm	.30	0.23	3.9	5024	
Thallium (TI) ppm	1.2	3.4	52	1149	
Thorium (Th) ppm	3.2	3	79	6866	
Thulium (Tm) ppm	(0.15)	n.d.	1.9	365	
Tin (Sn) ppm	1.3	4.3	140	3004	
Titanium (Ti) %	.08	0.07	.74	7653	
Tungsten (W) ppm	1.0	7.6	400	4714	
Uranium (U) ppm	2.1	16	1300	6923	
Vanadium (V) ppm	22	20	370	7924	
Utterbium (Yb) ppm	(0.95)	n.d.	20	7522	
Yttrium (Y) ppm	8.5	6.7	170	7897	
Zinc (Zn) ppn	53	440	19000	7908	
Zironium (Zr) ppm	27	32	700	7913	

MINERALS IN COAL Accessories

- •Galena (PbS)
- •Sphalerite (Zn, CdS)
- •Clausthalite (PbSe)
- •Chalcopyrite (CuS)
- •Crandallite Group (Ca, Ba, Sr, Al, P)
- •Monazite (REE, P)
- •Apatite (Ca, P)
- •Barite (Ba, S)
- •Rutile (Ti)
- •Zircon (Zr, Si)
- •Feldspars (Ca, Na, K, Al, Si)
- •Zeolites (Ca, Na, K, Al, Si)
- •Ankerite (Fe, Mg, Ca)
- •Micas (K, Fe, Mg, Ti, Al, Si)

Table 4. Probable modes of occurrence of selected elements in coal
[Modified from Finkelman (1982)]

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Element	Modes of Occurrence
Aluminium	- Clays, feldspars, perhaps some organic association
Antimony	- Accessory sulfide, some organic association
Arsenic	- Solid solution in pyrite
Barium	- Barite, crandallite, organic association in low-rank coal
Beryllium	- Organic association, clay
Bismuth	- Accessory sulfide
Boron	- Organic association, illite
Bromine	- Organic association
Cadmium	- Sphalerite
Calcium	- Calcite, organic assoc., sulphates, phosphates, silicates
Cesium	- Clays, feldspar, mica
Chlorine	- Organic association
Chromium	- Clays (?)
Cobalt	- Accessory sulfides, pyrite
Copper	- Chalcopyrite
Fluorine	- Perhaps apatite, clays, mica, amphiboles
Gallium	- Clays, organics, sulfides
Germanium	- Organic association
Gold	- Native gold
Hafnium	- Zircon
Indium	- Probably sulfides
lodine	- Probably organic association
Iron	- Pyrite, siderite, sulfates, oxides, some organic assoc.
Lead	- Galena, PbSe

Lithium - Clays Magnesium - Clays

Manganese - Siderite, calcite

Mercury - Solid solution with pyrite

Molybdenum - Unclear; perhaps with sulfides or organics

Nickel - Unclear; perhaps with sulfides, organics, or clay

Niobium - Oxides

Phosphorus - Phosphates

Platinum - Native alloys, perhaps some organic association

Rare-earths - Phosphates, some organic association

Rubidium - Probably illite

Scandium - Unclear; clays, phosphates, or organics

Selenium - Organic association, pyrite, PbSe

Silicon - Quartz, clays, silicates Silver - Perhaps silver sulfides

Sodium - Organic association, clays, zeolites, silicates Strontium - Carbonates, phosphates, organic association

Tantalum - Oxides
Tellurium - Unclear

Thorium - Rare-earth phosphates

Tin - Inorganic: tin oxides or sulfides

Titanium - Oxides, clays, some organic association

Tungsten - Oxides, organic associationUranium - Organic association, zircon

Vanadium - Clays, perhaps some organic association

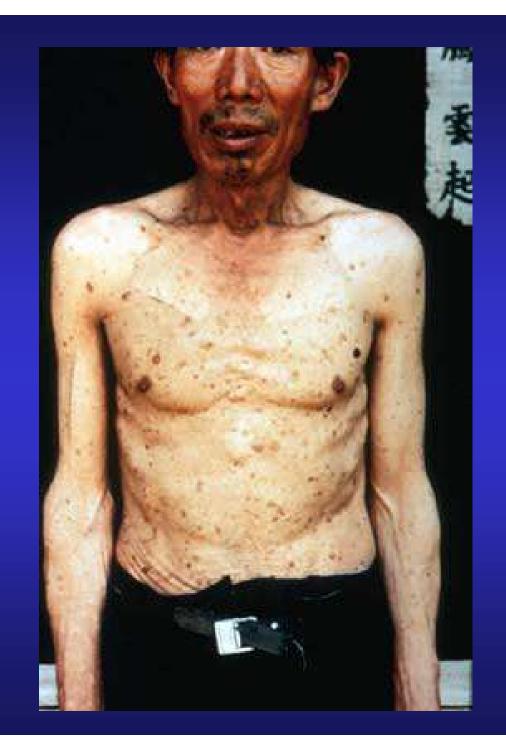
Yttrium - Rare-earth phosphates

Zinc - Sphalerite

Zirconium - Zircon

Trace Elements in Coal
Can Kill or Maim







FALLACY

Trace Elements in Coal
Are Known to Have
Killed or Maimed
Millions Around the
World



Known Health Impacts from Trace Elements in Coal

- China arsenic poisoning from residential coal use
- China fluorine poisoning from residential coal use
- China Selenosis from stone coal ash
- Czechoslovakia Impaired hearing in children attributed to arsenic emitted from power plant
- Czechoslovakia Increased antibodies attributed to beryllium exposure from power plant
- India Various health problems from uncontrolled mine fire
- Global Mercury affect on fetuses???

Burning Coal Beds and Stockpiles are Significant Health Hazards





Jharia Coalfield, India



Open Cast Mine Fire, Northern China



Witbank Coalfield - South Africa



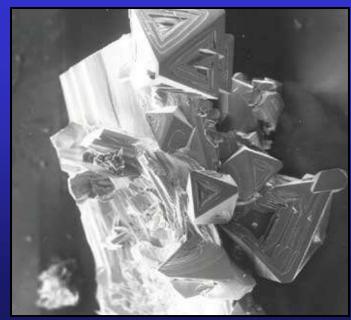
Anthracite Region, U.S.A.

Arsenic Phases







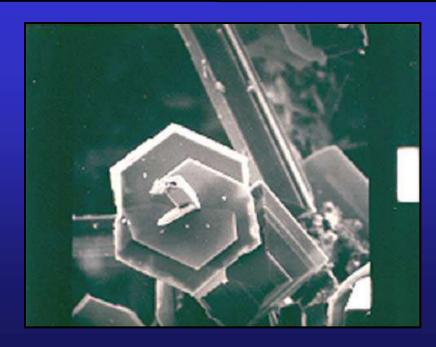


Selenium Minerals





Fluorine Minerals

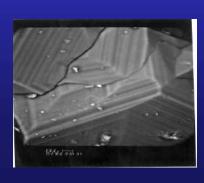


Impacts of Spontaneous Combustion

Collected samples of gas and condensates from a coal mine in the Witbank area, SA.

Huge concentrations of benzene, toluene, xylene, and ethylbenzene

Small (<10 μm) grains containing mercury and minute (~ 1 μm) globules containing arsenic.





• (M.Sc. student – Jean Denis Poné)

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Coal in the Ground Does Not Present Any Health Threats

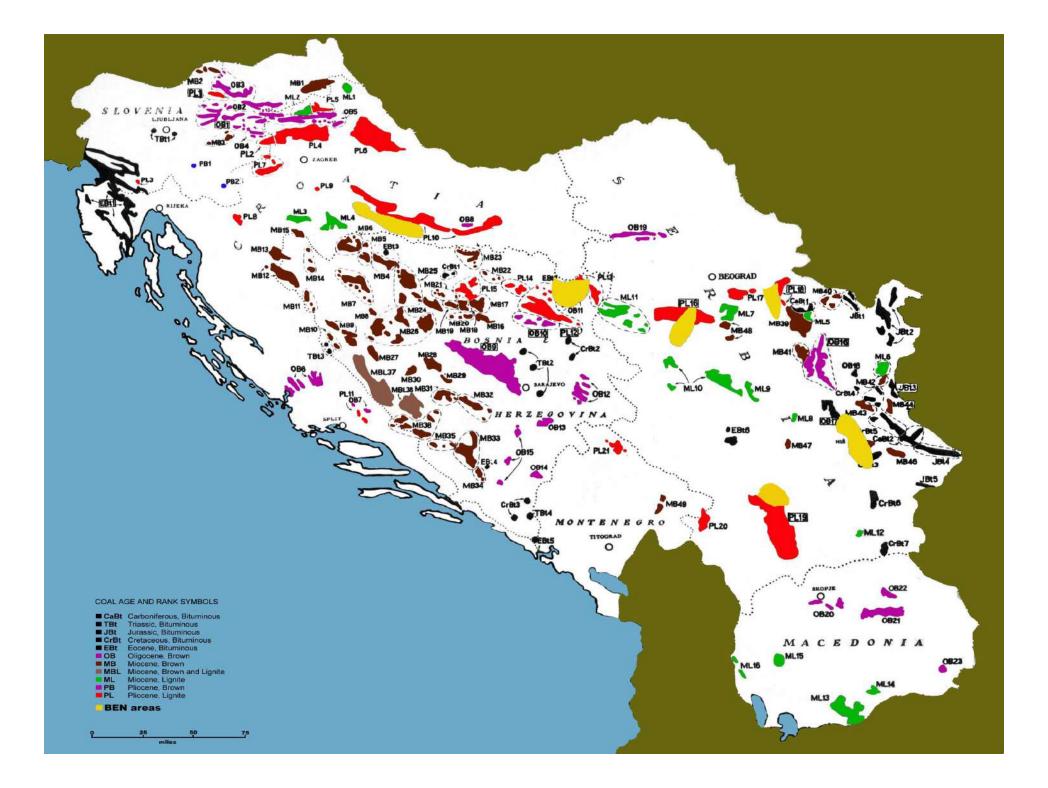


Figure IN-5. Ferris coal beds.

BALKAN ENDEMIC NEPHROPATHY

(BEN)







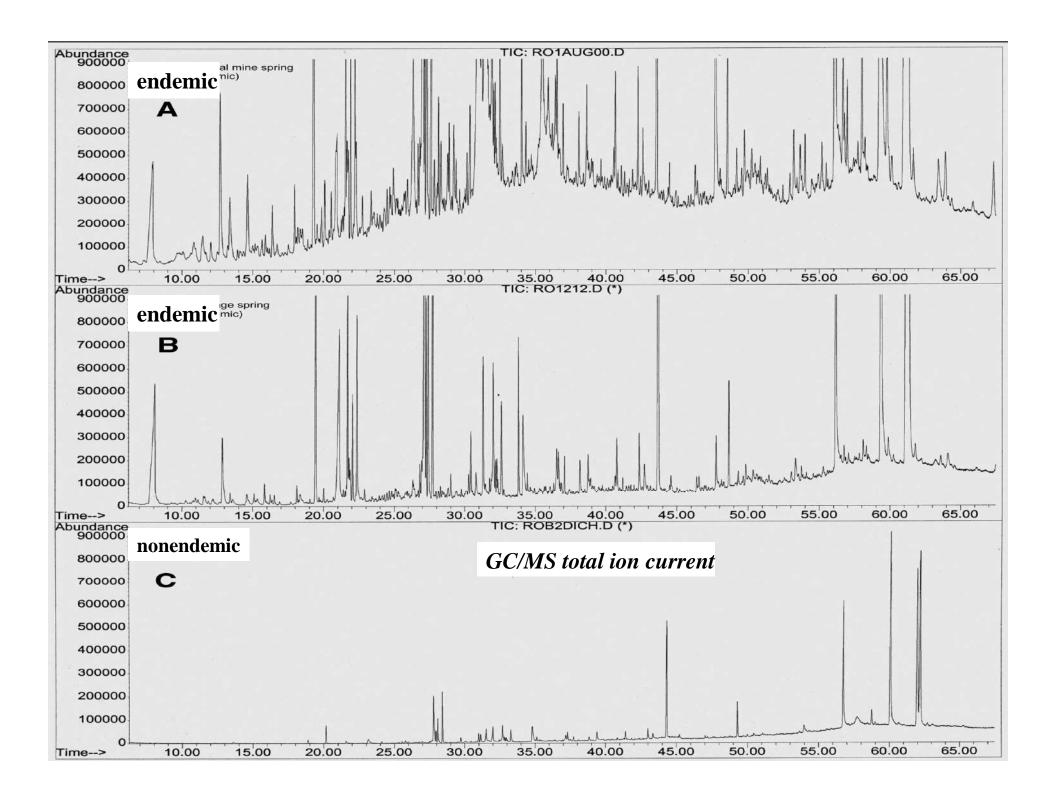
rural wells may supply tainted drinking water



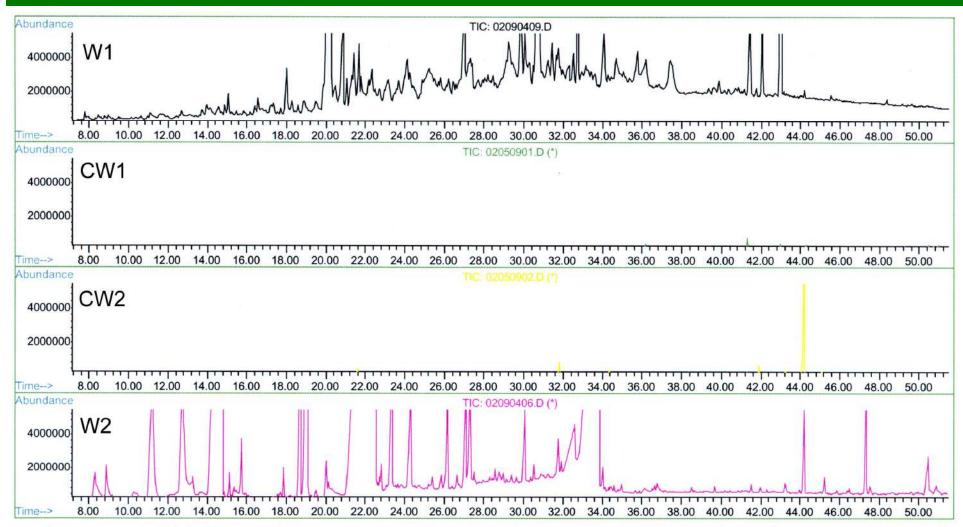
groundwater percolates through coal seam



BEN patient being treated in dialysis clinic (Romania)



Water from wells in areas of Louisiana with high incidence of renal pelvic cancer and with lignite deposits (W1 and W2) have much higher levels of organic contaminants compared to control sites (CW1 and CW2)



Total ion currents (TICs) of Lousiana drinking well water samples collected from areas with high incidence of urinary tract cancer and underlying coal deposits (W1, W2) and control drinking well water samples from areas lacking coal deposits (CW1, CW2).

Trace Elements in Fly
Ash Can Present a
Health Hazard



TABLE 25 Effect of Fly-Ash Particle Size on the Concentration of Some Trace Elements (ppm) ^a Size Range (um)

Element	>15	8-15	3-8	<3
As	13.7	56	87	132
Be	6.3	8.5	9.5	10.3
Cd	0.4	1.6	2.8	4.6
Co	8.9	16.3	19	21
Cr	28	49	59	63
Cu	56	89	107	137
Ga	43	116	140	178
Mn	207	231	261	317
Мо	9.1	28	40	50
Ni	25	37	44	40
Pb	73	169	226	278
Sb	2.6	8.3	13	20.6
Se	19	59	78	198
U	8.8	16	22	29
V	86	178	244	327
W	3.4	8.6	16	24
Z n	71	194	304	550

a Source: Ondov et al. (1979).

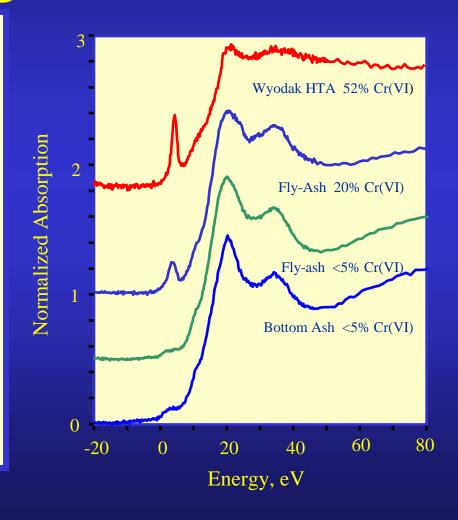
Cr in Ash: XAFS

• Cr can be found as:

- Cr/spinel associated with magnetic iron oxides.
- Cr associated with aluminosilicate glass.

• Oxidation State of Cr

- Often <5% Cr as Cr(VI) in bottom ash and fly-ash from bituminous coals.
- Rarely up to 20% Cr as Cr(VI) in fly-ash from lower-rank coals.



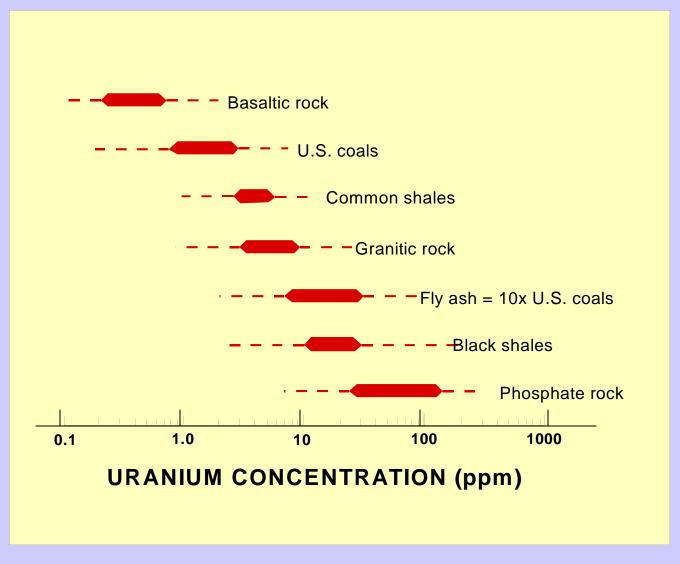
FALLACY

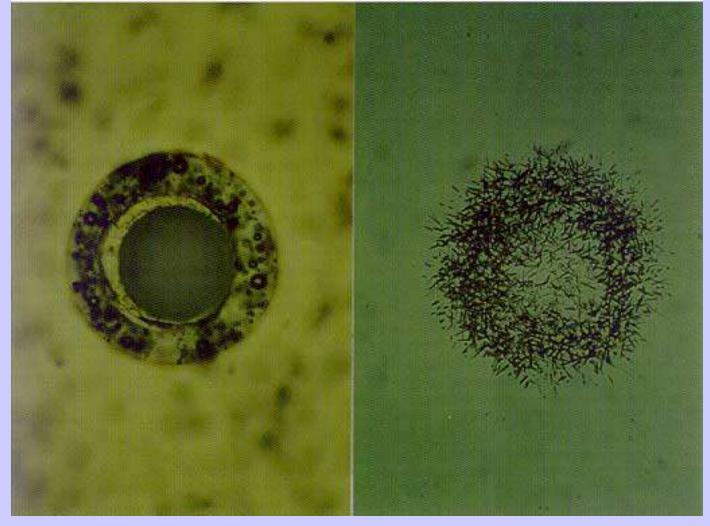
Radioactivity from Coal and Coal Ash Presents a Threat to Health





Typical Range of Uranium concentration in coal, fly ash, and a variety of common rocks





Photograph of hollow glassy fly ash particle (0.01 cm D)

Fission track radiograph of the same particle

Burning Coal Can Be Good For Your Health



